(H) The Idalion Tablet (1/2) [10 Points]

In 1850, a farmer from a village in Cyprus discovered a tablet dating from the 5th century BCE, which recorded an endowment from the city of Idalion to a family of physicians. Now known as the Idalion Tablet, this document was of enormous importance for the decipherment of the Cypriot script in which it was written. The tablet is in the Cypriot dialect of ancient Greek.

Here is a portion of the inscription, with a transliteration below:

≚业⊦᠀₣᠘ϣ⋇⊦᠘≥ϣ企业介Ջℿϣᄣ₣Ӿ企ሥ⋞Ϯ⋇ӀѰ ӾӺӾ҂҅+ӂӯҲѩӏѡӾӺ҂ҬѴҦѺ҈Ҁ‡ѽ8҈ҀѰѴ⊦ѽӂ ӯҲѰ҈ҼѰӾӯӺ҄᠘ѰӾ⊦᠘ҖӀҎӾѷҦѩ҂Ҭѽ+ѩ҅ӺѷҬ ѽӂӯҲѩӺѯѺѡѺѩ҅҈ҼҎҎ҈ѽ҂҈ѩӺҎӾѺѴ⊦ӾӺҎӾ ӺҲӯѰӺҎӾ҅҅҅ӾӁ҈ҞӾҡ҈҃҃ҲѷҎӾѩ҅ҀѵѽӺѩ

ote ta ptolin edalion kateworgon madoi kas ketiēwes i tōi philokuprōn wetei tō onasagorau basileus stasikupros kas ha ptolis edaliēwes anōgon onasilon tononasikuprōn toniyatēran kas tos kasignētos iyasthai tos athrōpos tos i tai makhai ikhimamenos aneu misthōn

helei	
athanas	
katethiyan	
dowenai	

H1. Here are four other words from the Idalion Tablet. Write them in the Cypriot script:

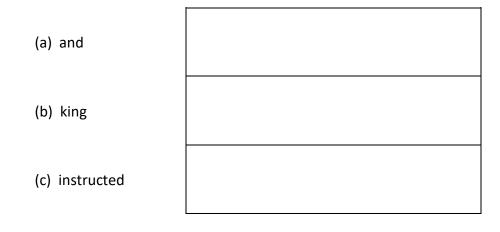


(H) The Idalion Tablet (2/2)

H2. Here is the English translation of this section of the text:

"When the Medes and the Kitions subdued the city of Idalion in the year of Philokypros son of Onasagoras, King Stasikypros and the city of the Idalians instructed Onasion the son of Onasikypros the physician, and his brothers, to heal the men wounded in the battle, without a fee."

What are the Cypriot Greek for (a) and, (b) king, (c) instructed? Write them in the Cypriot script.



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