R1.

```
E> → >
Q> → QU> or NQ → NQU
F → V
> → IÈME>
UNIÈME → PREMIER
```

R2. The simplest solutions for each new case are:
Modify (e.) to:

```
<UNIÈME → <PREMIER
```

Add the following rule anywhere:

```
TS → T
```

R3. Many solutions are possible. If the solution is based on the rules for R1, then context must be restricted on rules like F → V to avoid giving outputs like FINGT in the reverse direction. The cases from R2 must also be handled correctly; TS → T is no longer specific enough, since it will produce TSROIS and other errors in reverse. For example:

```
RE> → R>
ZE → Z
Q> → QU>
F> → V>
-VINGTS → -VINGT
> → IÈME>
<UNIÈME → <PREMIER
```